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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/982,244	10/17/2001	Michael H. D'Amico	I3253US01	7628

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EXAMINER

BROCKETTI, JULIE K

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
3713	[REDACTED]

DATE MAILED: 04/01/2003

9

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	09/982,244	D'AMICO ET AL.
Examiner	Art Unit	
Julie K Brockett	3713	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

Status

1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 11 March 2003.

2a) This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final.

3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

Disposition of Claims

4) Claim(s) 1-7,9,11-31,33 and 35-48 is/are pending in the application.

4a) Of the above claim(s) _____ is/are withdrawn from consideration.

5) Claim(s) _____ is/are allowed.

6) Claim(s) 1-7,9,11-31,33 and 35-48 is/are rejected.

7) Claim(s) _____ is/are objected to.

8) Claim(s) _____ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

Application Papers

9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.

10) The drawing(s) filed on _____ is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).

11) The proposed drawing correction filed on _____ is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.

12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).

a) All b) Some * c) None of:

1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.

2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. _____.

3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).

a) The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.

15) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

Attachment(s)

1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). _____.

2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) _____. 6) Other: _____.

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-7, 9, 11 and 24-35 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Dubno et al., U.S. Patent No. 4,722,053 in view of Walker et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,110,041. Dubno et al. discloses a food service ordering terminal with video game capability. The gaming system comprises a service station and a first gaming location. An apparatus enables communication between the service station and the first gaming location. An interactive first communication unit is operable from the first gaming location. It includes a first display visible from the first gaming location operable to display a first message. An interactive second communication unit is operable from the service station and includes a second display visible from the service station operable to display a second message. A network is arranged to transmit data so that messages are displayed on the first and second displays (Figs. 1 & 3; col. 2 lines 5-20). The first and second display can comprise touch screen displays, which involves touching the display (col. 4 lines 43-47). The first

gaming location comprises a gaming machine and the first display is coupled to the gaming machine (col. 2 lines 10-13). The apparatus can contain a keypad operable from the gaming locations wherein the second display displays a message comprising data entered by the keypad (col. 3 lines 46-52). The first and second communication units display images on their respective display, which is then suitable for entry of at least one of numeric data and alphabetic data by touching the respective display. Moreover, the first display can display a message depending on a preference of a player at the first gaming location thus it is displaying the message interactively. For example, it can display a bill total, or a message informing the customer that the kitchen is out of a particular item (col. 2 lines 61-67; col. 4 lines 40-47). Consequently, the message generated at the service station comprises a reply to a message generated at the first gaming location, i.e. the customer's order. Replies can be transmitted back and forth between both stations. Dubno et al. lacks in disclosing a card reader and storing a player's preference prior to displaying the message.

Walker et al. discloses a gaming device in which the system comprises a central authority and a card reader, the card reader is operable from a first gaming location and arranged to read a code from the card entered by the player at the gaming location. The player's preference is stored in the central authority and the player's preference is accessed in response to the code (See Walker col. 3 lines 30-54). It is obvious to store a player preference in memory

so that any game activity can be to a player's preference. Therefore, it is obvious to store how a player wants messages received on their display prior to actually displaying any message. Consequently, the display is varied based on the preference of a player at the gaming location. When a player enters the card into the gaming machine they are tracked thus authorizing the casino to be located. It is obvious that the central authority could have a second display arranged to display an identification of the location of the player in response to the code on the player's card. It is also obvious that the identification could contain a map of the location of the player. By being able to track players by their card and arrange gaming preferences for them, the players are happier and will continue to play more. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to insert a card tracking system into the invention of Dubno et al. By player's using cards, they do not have to carry money with them and the service center can readily know the player's preferences so as to cater to them in the manner they enjoy.

Claims 13-15 and 37-39 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dubno et al. in view of Walker et al. in further view of Hedrick et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,135,884. Dubno et al. lacks in disclosing a menu of reservation services and personal messages. Hedrick teaches of a gaming machine having a secondary display. The secondary display is used to display a menu of reservation services available or a menu of personal message services available. The display at the gaming machine can display a message

sent to it from the service station (See Hedrick col. 15 lines 55-67; col. 16 lines 1-5). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to include these menu options into the invention of Dubno et al. These options allow individuals to access messages and other services while they are playing a game so as not to have to move in order to order these services. By including these services into the gaming machine itself, the game machine can retain a person's attention longer and they will more likely spend more money at the establishment.

Claims 12 and 36 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dubno et al. in view Walker et al. in further view of Franchi, U.S. Patent No. 5,770,533. Dubno et al. lacks in disclosing displaying a menu of personal services available. Franchi teaches of a casino operating system in which slot machine include menus for food and other services (See Franchi Fig. 13; col. 8 lines 20-44). It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to include a menu of personal services available in the invention of Dubno et al. A customer can then order other services and enjoy their time at the restaurant more fully.

Claims 16, 17 and 40 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Dubno et al. in view of Walker et al., in further view of Ehrman, U.S. Patent No. 5,984,786. Dubno et al. and Walker et al. lack in disclosing a second gaming location in communication with the first. Ehrman teaches of a first gaming machine that accommodates a first player. A first

communication unit enables a player to chat with a second player through entry of a first message. Ehrman further discloses a central authority and a second gaming location comprising a third display. A player may communicate with another gaming machine through the central authority. The central authority is arranged to transmit data resulting in display of a message on the third display and wherein the first display displays a message received from the second gaming location. The message on the third display comprises a message received from the first gaming location. Furthermore, the central authority identifies the gaming location and player in response to a message sent (See Ehrman col. 7 lines 48-67; col. 8 lines 1-10). It is obvious that both in order to chat, both players must enter the name of the other player. It is also well known to enter the code such as an ID number, of another player in order to chat. E-mail, instant messaging, etc. are all well known throughout the art, various message services require a user to enter the name and ID of a recipient. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to enter the name and code of the recipient in order to send a message in Ehrma. By inputting this information, the central authority knows where to send the message.

Claims 18, 19, 21-23 and 41-48 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ehrman, U.S. Patent No. 5,984,786. Ehrman teaches of a first gaming machine that accommodates a first player. An interactive first communication unit enables a player to chat with a second player through

entry of a first message. Ehrman further discloses a central authority and a second gaming location, which accommodates a second player comprising a third display and a second interactive communication unit. A player may communicate with another gaming machine through the central authority. The central authority identifies the gaming locations in response to the name and code of the player being entered. A network is arranged to transmit data resulting in display of the first message on the second display and arranged to transmit data resulting in display of the second message on the first display. The central authority is arranged to transmit data resulting in display of a message on the third display and wherein the first display displays a message received from the second gaming location. The message on the third display comprises a message received from the first gaming location. Furthermore, the central authority identifies the gaming location and player in response to a message sent (See Ehrman col. 7 lines 48-67; col. 8 lines 1-10). The game system includes an alphanumeric keypad operable from the first gaming location wherein the second message comprises data entered by the keypad. Each of the first and second communication unit displays an image on one of the first and second displays suitable for entry of at least one of numeric data and alphabetic data by touching one of the first or second displays (Fig. 3A). It is obvious that both in order to chat, both players must enter the name of the other player. It is also well known to enter the code such as an ID number, of another player in order to chat. E-mail, instant messaging, etc. are all well

known throughout the art, various message services require a user to enter the name and ID of a recipient. It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to enter the name and code of the recipient in order to send a message in Ehrma. By inputting this information, the central authority knows where to send the message.

Claim 20 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Ehrman, U.S. Patent No. 5,984,786 in view of Walker et al., U.S. Patent No. 6,110,041. Ehrman lacks in disclosing card readers. Walker et al. teaches of gaming devices with card readers. Each card reader is operable from each gaming location and arranged to read a code from the card entered by the player at the gaming location. The central authority can then identify the gaming location in response to the code (See Walker col. 3 lines 30-54).

Response to Amendment

It has been noted that claims 1, 9, 11, 14, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 24, 27, 28, 33, 35, 40, 41 and 45 have been amended. Claims 8, 10, 32, 34 and 49-63 have been cancelled.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Julie K Brocketti whose telephone number is 703-308-7306. The examiner can normally be reached on M-Th 7:30-5:00.

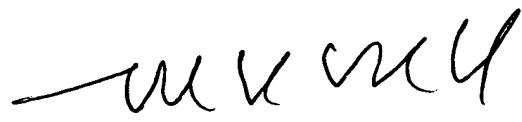
If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Valencia Martin-Wallace can be reached on 703-308-4119. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or

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proceeding is assigned are 703-872-9302 for regular communications and 703-872-9303 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the customer service office whose telephone number is 703-306-5648.

JB
March 25, 2003



MICHAEL O'NEILL
PRIMARY EXAMINER